Package 'metaMA'

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R topics documented:						
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Description

Combines either p-values or moderated effect sizes from different studies to find differentially expressed genes.

Details

Package: metaMA
Type: Package
Version: 3.1.2
Date: 2015-01-28
License: GPL
LazyLoad: yes

pvalcombination and EScombination are the most important functions to combine unpaired data. pvalcombination combines p-values from individual studies.

EScombination combines effect sizes from individual studies.

pvalcombination.paired and EScombination.paired are to be used for paired data.

IDDIDR can help in the interpretation of gain and loss of information due to meta-analysis.

Author(s)

Guillemette Marot <guillemette.marot@inria.fr>

References

Marot, G., Foulley, J.-L., Mayer, C.-D., Jaffrezic, F. (2009) Moderated effect size and p-value combinations for microarray meta-analyses. Bioinformatics. 25 (20): 2692-2699.

```
library(metaMA)
data(Singhdata)
EScombination(esets=Singhdata$esets,classes=Singhdata$classes)
pvalcombination(esets=Singhdata$esets,classes=Singhdata$classes)
#more details are provided in the vignette; only open it in interactive R sessions
if(interactive()){
```

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```
vignette("metaMA")
}
```

calcfit2Diffrep

Empirical Bayes statistics from limma analysis with unpaired data

Description

Computes empirical Bayes statistics from limma analysis with only one group effect.

Usage

```
calcfit2Diffrep(C1, C2)
```

Arguments

C1 Gene expression data of the arrays in the first condition. Each row of C1 corre-

sponds to one spot, each column to one replicate.

C2 Gene expression data of the arrays in the second condition. Each row of C2

corresponds to one spot, each column to one replicate.

Details

Returns fit2 described in limma vignette. To be used with unpaired data.

Value

fit2

Note

see Bioconductor limma vignette

directEScombi

Direct effect size combination

Description

Combines effect sizes already calculated.

Usage

```
directEScombi(ES, varES, BHth = 0.05, useREM = TRUE)
```

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Arguments

ES Matrix of effect sizes. Each column of ES corresponds to one study and each row to one gene.

varES Matrix of effect size variances. Each column of varES corresponds to one study

and each row to one gene.

BHth Benjamini Hochberg threshold. By default, the False Discovery Rate is con-

trolled at 5%.

useREM A logical value indicating whether or not to include the between-study variance

into the model.

Details

Combines effect sizes with the method presented in (Choi et al., 2003).

Value

List

DEindices Indices of differentially expressed genes at the chosen Benjamini Hochberg

threshold.

TestStatistic Vector with test statistics for differential expression in the meta-analysis.

References

Choi, J. K., Yu, U., Kim, S., and Yoo, O. J. (2003). Combining multiple microarray studies and modeling interstudy variation. Bioinformatics, 19 Suppl 1.

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Description

Combines one sided p-values with the inverse normal method.

Usage

directpvalcombi(pvalonesided, nrep, BHth = 0.05)

Arguments

pvalonesided List of vectors of one sided p-values to be combined.

nrep Vector of numbers of replicates used in each study to calculate the previous

one-sided p-values.

BHth Benjamini Hochberg threshold. By default, the False Discovery Rate is con-

trolled at 5%.

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Value

List

DEindices Indices of differentially expressed genes at the chosen Benjamini Hochberg

threshold.

TestStatistic Vector with test statistics for differential expression in the meta-analysis.

Note

One-sided p-values are required to avoid directional conflicts. Then a two-sided test is performed to find differentially expressed genes.

Author(s)

Guillemette Marot

References

Hedges, L. and Olkin, I. (1985). Statistical Methods for Meta-Analysis. Academic Press.

effectsize

Calculates effect sizes from given t or moderated t statistics

Description

Function not to be used separately.

Usage

```
effectsize(tstat, ntilde, m)
```

Arguments

tstat Vector of test statistics and effect sizes.

ntilde Proportion factor between a test statistic and its corresponding effect size.

m Number of degrees of freedom.

Value

Matrix with one row per gene, and in column:

d Commonly used effect size (which is biased)
vard Variance of the commonly used effect size

dprime Unbiased effect size

vardprime Variance of the unbiased effect size

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Author(s)

Guillemette Marot with contribution from Ankur Ravinarayana Chakravarthy

References

Marot, G., Foulley, J.-L., Mayer, C.-D., Jaffrezic, F. Moderated effect size combination for microarray meta-analyses and comparison study. Submitted.

Examples

```
#for SMVar:
#stati$TestStat[order(stati$GeneId)],length(classes[[i]]),stati$DegOfFreedom[order(stati$GeneId)])
#for Limma
#effectsize(fit2i$t,length(classes[[i]]),(fit2i$df.prior+fit2i$df.residual))
```

EScombination

Effect size combination for unpaired data

Description

Calculates effect sizes from unpaired data either from classical or moderated t-tests (Limma, SM-Var) for each study and combines these effect sizes.

Usage

```
EScombination(esets, classes, moderated = c("limma", "SMVar", "t")[1], BHth = 0.05)
```

Arguments

esets	List of matrices (or data frames), one matrix per study. Each matrix has one row per gene and one column per replicate and gives the expression data for both conditions with the order specified in the classes argument. All studies must have the same genes. If the data are already stored as ExpressionSets objects (cf. Bioconductor project), then exprs(yourdata) will give an appropriate element of the list esets used for this function.
classes	List of class memberships, one per study. Each vector or factor of the list can only contain two levels which correspond to the two conditions studied.
moderated	Method to calculate the test statistic inside each study from which the effect size is computed. moderated has to be chosen between "limma", "SMVar" and "t".
BHth	Benjamini Hochberg threshold. By default, the False Discovery Rate is controlled at 5%.

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Value

List

Vector of indices of differentially expressed genes in study 1. Similar names are Study1

given for the other individual studies.

AllIndStudies Vector of indices of differentially expressed genes found by at least one of the

individual studies.

Vector of indices of differentially expressed genes in the meta-analysis. Meta Vector with test statistics for differential expression in the meta-analysis. TestStatistic

Note

While the invisible object resulting from this function contains the values described previously, other quantities of interest are printed: DE,IDD,Loss,IDR,IRR. All these quantities are defined in function IDDIDR and in (Marot et al., 2009)

Author(s)

Guillemette Marot

References

Marot, G., Foulley, J.-L., Mayer, C.-D., Jaffrezic, F. (2009) Moderated effect size and p-value combinations for microarray meta-analyses. Bioinformatics. 25 (20): 2692-2699.

Examples

```
data(Singhdata)
#Meta-analysis
res=EScombination(esets=Singhdata$esets,classes=Singhdata$classes)
#Number of differentially expressed genes in the meta-analysis
length(res$Meta)
#To plot an histogram of raw p-values
rawpval=2*(1-pnorm(abs(res$TestStatistic)))
hist(rawpval,nclass=100)
```

EScombination.paired

Effect size combination for paired data

Description

Calculates effect sizes from paired data either from classical or moderated t-tests (Limma, SMVar) for each study and combines these effect sizes.

Usage

```
EScombination.paired(logratios, moderated = c("limma", "SMVar", "t")[1], BHth = 0.05)
```

Arguments

logratios List of matrices (or data frames). Each matrix has one row per gene and one

column per replicate and gives the logratios of one study. All studies must have

the same genes.

moderated Method to calculate the test statistic inside each study from which the effect size

is computed. moderated has to be chosen between "limma", "SMVar" and "t".

BHth Benjamini Hochberg threshold. By default, the False Discovery Rate is con-

trolled at 5%.

Value

List

Study1 Vector of indices of differentially expressed genes in study 1. Similar names are

given for the other individual studies.

AllIndStudies Vector of indices of differentially expressed genes found by at least one of the

individual studies.

Meta Vector of indices of differentially expressed genes in the meta-analysis.

TestStatistic Vector with test statistics for differential expression in the meta-analysis.

Note

While the invisible object resulting from this function contains the values described previously, other quantities of interest are printed: DE,IDD,Loss,IDR,IRR. All these quantities are defined in function IDDIDR and in (Marot et al., 2009)

Author(s)

Guillemette Marot

References

Marot, G., Foulley, J.-L., Mayer, C.-D., Jaffrezic, F. (2009) Moderated effect size and p-value combinations for microarray meta-analyses. Bioinformatics. 25 (20): 2692-2699.

```
data(Singhdata)
#create artificially paired data:
artificialdata=lapply(Singhdata$esets,FUN=function(x) (x[,1:10]-x[,11:20]))
#Meta-analysis
res=EScombination.paired(artificialdata)
#Number of differentially expressed genes in the meta-analysis
length(res$Meta)
#To plot an histogram of raw p-values
rawpval=2*(1-pnorm(abs(res$TestStatistic)))
hist(rawpval,nclass=100)
```

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IDDIRR	Integration-driven Discovery and Integration-driven Revision Rates

Description

Calculates the gain or the loss of differentially expressed genes due to meta-analysis compared to individual studies.

Usage

```
IDDIRR(finalde, deindst)
```

Arguments

finalde	Vector of indices of differentially expressed genes after meta-analysis
deindst	Vector of indices of differentially expressed genes found at least in one study

Value

ı	ue	
	DE	Number of Differentially Expressed (DE) genes
	IDD	Integration Driven Discoveries: number of genes that are declared DE in the meta-analysis that were not identified in any of the individual studies alone.
	Loss	Number of genes that are declared DE in individual studies but not in meta-analysis.
	IDR	Integration-driven Discovery Rate: proportion of genes that are identified as DE in the meta-analysis that were not identified in any of the individual studies alone.
	IRR	Integration-driven Revision Rate: percentage of genes that are declared DE in individual studies but not in meta-analysis.

Author(s)

Guillemette Marot

References

Marot, G., Foulley, J.-L., Mayer, C.-D., Jaffrezic, F. (2009) Moderated effect size and p-value combinations for microarray meta-analyses. Bioinformatics. 25 (20): 2692-2699.

```
data(Singhdata)
out=EScombination(esets=Singhdata$esets,classes=Singhdata$classes)
IDDIRR(out$Meta,out$AllIndStudies)
## The function is currently defined as
#function(finalde,deindst)
```

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```
#{
#DE=length(finalde)
#gains=finalde[which(!(finalde %in% deindst))]
#IDD=length(gains)
#IDR=IDD/DE*100
#perte=which(!(deindst %in% finalde))
#Loss=length(perte)
#IRR=Loss/length(deindst)*100
#res=c(DE,IDD,Loss,IDR,IRR)
#names(res)=c("DE","IDD","Loss","IDR","IRR")
#res
#}
```

pvalcombination

P-value combination for unpaired data

Description

Calculates differential expression p-values from unpaired data either from classical or moderated t-tests (Limma, SMVar) for each study and combines these p-values by the inverse normal method.

Usage

```
pvalcombination(esets, classes, moderated = c("limma", "SMVar", "t")[1], BHth = 0.05)
```

Arguments

esets	List of matrices (or data frames), one matrix per study. Each matrix has one row per gene and one column per replicate and gives the expression data for both conditions with the order specified in the classes argument. All studies must have the same genes. If the data are already stored as ExpressionSets objects (cf. Bioconductor project), then exprs(yourdata) will give an appropriate element of the list esets used for this function.
classes	List of class memberships, one per study. Each vector or factor of the list can only contain two levels which correspond to the two conditions studied.
moderated	Method to calculate the test statistic inside each study from which the p-value is computed. moderated has to be chosen between "limma", "SMVar" and "t".

Value

List

BHth

Study1 Vector of indices of differentially expressed genes in study 1. Similar names are

Benjamini Hochberg threshold. By default, the False Discovery Rate is con-

given for the other individual studies.

AllIndStudies Vector of indices of differentially expressed genes found by at least one of the

individual studies.

trolled at 5%.

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Meta Vector of indices of differentially expressed genes in the meta-analysis.

TestStatistic Vector with test statistics for differential expression in the meta-analysis.

Note

While the invisible object resulting from this function contains the values described previously, other quantities of interest are printed: DE,IDD,Loss,IDR,IRR. All these quantities are defined in function IDDIDR and in (Marot et al., 2009)

Author(s)

Guillemette Marot

References

Marot, G., Foulley, J.-L., Mayer, C.-D., Jaffrezic, F. (2009) Moderated effect size and p-value combinations for microarray meta-analyses. Bioinformatics. 25 (20): 2692-2699.

Examples

```
data(Singhdata)
#Meta-analysis
res=pvalcombination(esets=Singhdata$esets,classes=Singhdata$classes)
#Number of differentially expressed genes in the meta-analysis
length(res$Meta)
#To plot an histogram of raw p-values
rawpval=2*(1-pnorm(abs(res$TestStatistic)))
hist(rawpval,nclass=100)
```

pvalcombination.paired

P-value combination for paired data

Description

Calculates differential expression p-values from paired data either from classical or moderated t-tests (Limma, SMVar) for each study and combines these p-values by the inverse normal method.

Usage

```
pvalcombination.paired(logratios, moderated = c("limma", "SMVar", "t")[1], BHth = 0.05)
```

Arguments

logratios	List of matrices. Each matrix has one row per gene and one column per replicate
	and gives the logratios of one study. All studies must have the same genes.
moderated	Method to calculate the test statistic inside each study from which the effect size is computed. moderated has to be chosen between "limma", "SMVar" and "t".
BHth	Benjamini Hochberg threshold. By default, the False Discovery Rate is controlled at 5%.

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Value

List

Study1 Vector of indices of differentially expressed genes in study 1. Similar names are

given for the other individual studies.

AllIndStudies Vector of indices of differentially expressed genes found by at least one of the

individual studies.

Meta Vector of indices of differentially expressed genes in the meta-analysis.

TestStatistic Vector with test statistics for differential expression in the meta-analysis.

Note

While the invisible object resulting from this function contains the values described previously, other quantities of interest are printed: DE,IDD,Loss,IDR,IRR. All these quantities are defined in function IDDIDR and in (Marot et al., 2009)

Author(s)

Guillemette Marot

References

Marot, G., Foulley, J.-L., Mayer, C.-D., Jaffrezic, F. (2009) Moderated effect size and p-value combinations for microarray meta-analyses. Bioinformatics. 25 (20): 2692-2699.

Examples

```
data(Singhdata)
#create artificially paired data:
artificialdata=lapply(Singhdata$esets,FUN=function(x) (x[,1:10]-x[,11:20]))
#Meta-analysis
res=pvalcombination.paired(artificialdata)
#Number of differentially expressed genes in the meta-analysis
length(res$Meta)
#To plot an histogram of raw p-values
rawpval=2*(1-pnorm(abs(res$TestStatistic)))
hist(rawpval,nclass=100)
```

row.ttest.stat

Row t-tests

Description

Performs t-tests for unpaired data row by row.

Usage

```
row.ttest.stat(mat1, mat2)
```

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Arguments

mat1 Matrix with data for the first condition
mat2 Matrix with data for the second condition

Details

This function is much faster than employing apply with FUN=t.test

Value

Vector with t-test statistics

Examples

```
## The function is currently defined as
function(mat1,mat2){
n1<-dim(mat1)[2]
n2<-dim(mat2)[2]
n<-n1+n2
m1<-rowMeans(mat1,na.rm=TRUE)
m2<-rowMeans(mat2,na.rm=TRUE)
v1<-rowVars(mat1,na.rm=TRUE)
v2<-rowVars(mat2,na.rm=TRUE)
vpool<-(n1-1)/(n-2)*v1 + (n2-1)/(n-2)*v2
tstat<-sqrt(n1*n2/n)*(m2-m1)/sqrt(vpool)
return(tstat)}</pre>
```

row.ttest.statp

Row paired t-tests

Description

Performs t-tests for paired data row by row.

Usage

```
row.ttest.statp(mat)
```

Arguments

mat

Matrix with data to be tested (for example, log-ratios in microarray experiments).

Details

This function is much faster than employing apply with FUN=t.test.

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Value

Vector with t-test statistics.

Examples

```
## The function is currently defined as
function(mat){
m<-rowMeans(mat,na.rm=TRUE)
sd<-rowSds(mat,na.rm=TRUE)
tstat<-m/(sd*sqrt(1/dim(mat)[2]))
return(tstat)}</pre>
```

rowVars

Row variance of an array

Description

Calculates variances of each row of an array

Usage

```
rowVars(x, na.rm = TRUE)
```

Arguments

x Array of two or more dimensions, containing numeric, complex, integer or logical values, or a numeric data frame.

na.rm Logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be omitted from the calculations?

Details

This function is the same as applying apply with FUN=var but is a lot faster.

Value

A numeric or complex array of suitable size, or a vector if the result is one-dimensional. The dimnames (or names for a vector result) are taken from the original array.

```
## The function is currently defined as
function (x,na.rm = TRUE)
{
    sqr = function(x) x * x
    n = rowSums(!is.na(x))
    n[n <= 1] = NA
    return(rowSums(sqr(x - rowMeans(x,na.rm = na.rm)), na.rm = na.rm)/(n - 1))
}</pre>
```

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Singhdata

Singh dataset

Description

Publicly available microarray dataset artificially split in 5 studies

Usage

data(Singhdata)

Format

List of 3 elements:

esets List of 5 data frames corresponding to 5 artificial studies, each with 12625 genes and 20 replicates (10 normal samples and 10 tumoral samples)

classes List of 5 numeric vectors with class memberships, one per study

geneNames Factor with 12625 levels corresponding to gene names

Source

These data are available on the website http://www.bioinf.ucd.ie/people/ian/. We considered 50 normal samples and 50 tumoral samples, leaving out the 2 last tumoral samples. Data are already normalized.

References

Singh, D., Febbo, P. G., Ross, K., Jackson, D. G., Manola, J., Ladd, C., Tamayo, P., Renshaw, A. A., D'Amico, A. V., Richie, J. P., Lander, E. S., Loda, M., Kantoff, P.W., Golub, T. R., and Sellers, W. R. (2002). Gene expression correlates of clinical prostate cancer behavior. Cancer Cell, 1(2). 203:209.

Examples

data(Singhdata)

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