Package 'nasapower'

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TypePackageTitleNASA POWER API Client

Version 4.0.7

URL https://docs.ropensci.org/nasapower/

BugReports https://github.com/ropensci/nasapower/issues

Description Client for 'NASA' 'POWER' global meteorology, surface solar energy and climatology data 'API'. 'POWER' (Prediction Of Worldwide Energy Resource) data are freely available for download with varying spatial resolutions dependent on the original data and with several temporal resolutions depending on the POWER parameter and community. This work is funded through the 'NASA' Earth Science Directorate Applied Science Program. For more on the data themselves, the methodologies used in creating, a webbased data viewer and web access, please see https://power.larc.nasa.gov/>.

Depends R (>= 3.5.0)

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Imports crul, lubridate, jsonlite, readr, tibble (>= 3.0.2)

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get_power

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Get NASA POWER data from the POWER web API

Description

Get POWER global meteorology and surface solar energy climatology data and return a tidy data frame tibble::tibble() object. All options offered by the official POWER API are supported. Requests are formed to submit one request per point. There is no need to make synchronous requests for multiple parameters for a single point or regional request. Requests are limited to 30 unique requests per 60 seconds. nasapower attempts to enforce this client-side.

get_power

Usage

```
get_power(
  community,
  pars,
  temporal_api = NULL,
  lonlat,
  dates = NULL,
  site_elevation = NULL,
  wind_elevation = NULL,
  wind_surface = NULL,
  temporal_average = NULL,
  time_standard = "LST"
)
```

Arguments

r vector providing community name: "ag", "re" or "sb". See argu- ls for more.
r vector of solar, meteorological or climatology parameters to down- n requesting a single point of x, y coordinates, a maximum of twenty can be specified at one time, for "daily", "monthly" and "climatology" apis. If the temporal_api is specified as "hourly" only 15 pars can d in a single query. See temporal_api for more.
API end-point for data being queried, supported values are "hourly", nonthly" or "climatology". See argument details for more.
vector of geographic coordinates for a cell or region entered as x, y s. See argument details for more.
r vector of start and end dates in that order, = c("1983-01-01","2017-12-31"). Not used when _api is set to "climatology". See argument details for more.
plied value for elevation at a single point in metres. If provided this a corrected atmospheric pressure value adjusted to the elevation pro- y used with lonlat as a single point of x, y coordinates, not for use al" or with a regional request.
pplied value for elevation at a single point in metres. Wind Eleva- s in Meters are required to be between 10m and 300m. Only used at as a single point of x, y coordinates, not for use with "global" or onal request. If this parameter is provided, the wind-surface param- uired with the request, see https://power.larc.nasa.gov/docs/ ogy/meteorology/wind/.
plied wind surface for which the corrected wind-speed is to be sup- wind-surface section for more detail.
d. This argument has been superseded by temporal_api to align with OWER API terminology.
rovides two different time standards:

- Universal Time Coordinated (UTC): is the standard time measure that used by the world.
- Local Solar Time (LST): A 15 Degrees swath that represents solar noon at the middle longitude of the swath. Defaults to LST.

Value

A data frame as a POWER. Info class, an extension of the tibble::tibble, object of POWER data including location, dates (not including "climatology") and requested parameters. A decorative header of metadata is included in this object.

Argument details for "community"

there are three valid values, one must be supplied. This will affect the units of the parameter and the temporal display of time series data.

- **ag** Provides access to the Agroclimatology Archive, which contains industry-friendly parameters formatted for input to crop models.
- **sb** Provides access to the Sustainable Buildings Archive, which contains industry-friendly parameters for the buildings community to include parameters in multi-year monthly averages.
- **re** Provides access to the Renewable Energy Archive, which contains parameters specifically tailored to assist in the design of solar and wind powered renewable energy systems.

Argument details for temporal_api

There are four valid values.

hourly The hourly average of pars by hour, day, month and year, the time zone is LST by default.

daily The daily average of pars by day, month and year.

- monthly The monthly average of pars by month and year.
- **climatology** Provide parameters as 22-year climatologies (solar) and 30-year climatologies (meteorology); the period climatology and monthly average, maximum, and/or minimum values.

Argument details for lonlat

- For a single point To get a specific cell, $1/2 \ge 1/2$ degree, supply a length-two numeric vector giving the decimal degree longitude and latitude in that order for data to download, *e.g.*, lonlat = c(-179.5, -89.5).
- **For regional coverage** To get a region, supply a length-four numeric vector as lower left (lon, lat) and upper right (lon, lat) coordinates, *e.g.*, lonlat = c(xmin, ymin, xmax, ymax) in that order for a given region, *e.g.*, a bounding box for the south western corner of Australia: lonlat = c(112.5, -55.5, 115.5, -50.5). *Maximum area processed is 4.5 x 4.5 degrees (100 points).
- For global coverage To get global coverage for "climatology", supply "global" while also specifying "climatology" for the temporal_api.

get_power

Argument details for dates

if one date only is provided, it will be treated as both the start date and the end date and only a single day's values will be returned, *e.g.*, dates = "1983-01-01". When temporal_api is set to "monthly", use only two year values (YYYY), *e.g.* dates = c(1983, 2010). This argument should not be used when temporal_api is set to "climatology" and will be ignored if set.

wind_surface

There are 17 surfaces that may be used for corrected wind-speed values using the following equation:

$$WSC_hgt = WS_10m \times (\frac{hgt}{WS_50m})^{\alpha}$$

Valid surface types are described here.

vegtype_1 35-m broadleaf-evergreen trees (70% coverage)

vegtype_2 20-m broadleaf-deciduous trees (75% coverage)

vegtype_3 20-m broadleaf and needleleaf trees (75% coverage)

vegtype_4 17-m needleleaf-evergreen trees (75% coverage)

vegtype_5 14-m needleleaf-deciduous trees (50% coverage)

vegtype_6 Savanna:18-m broadleaf trees (30%) & groundcover

vegtype_7 0.6-m perennial groundcover (100%)

vegtype_8 0.5-m broadleaf shrubs (variable %) & groundcover

vegtype_9 0.5-m broadleaf shrubs (10%) with bare soil

vegtype_10 Tundra: 0.6-m trees/shrubs (variable %) & groundcover

vegtype_11 Rough bare soil

vegtype_12 Crop: 20-m broadleaf-deciduous trees (10%) & wheat

vegtype_20 Rough glacial snow/ice

seaice Smooth sea ice

openwater Open water

airportice Airport: flat ice/snow

airportgrass Airport: flat rough grass

Note

The associated metadata shown in the decorative header are not saved if the data are exported to a file format other than a native R data format, *e.g.*, .Rdata, .rda or .rds.

Author(s)

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References

https://power.larc.nasa.gov/docs/methodology/https://power.larc.nasa.gov

Examples

```
# Fetch daily "ag" community temperature, relative humidity and precipitation
# for January 1 1985 at Kingsthorpe, Queensland, Australia
ag_d <- get_power(</pre>
  community = "ag"
  lonlat = c(151.81, -27.48),
  pars = c("RH2M", "T2M", "PRECTOTCORR"),
  dates = "1985-01-01",
  temporal_api = "daily"
)
ag_d
# Fetch single point climatology for air temperature
ag_c_point <- get_power(</pre>
 community = "ag",
  pars = "T2M",
  c(151.81, -27.48),
  temporal_api = "climatology"
)
ag_c_point
# Fetch global ag climatology for air temperature
ag_c_global <- get_power(</pre>
  community = "ag",
  pars = "T2M",
  lonlat = "global",
  temporal_api = "climatology"
)
ag_c_global
# Fetch interannual solar cooking parameters for a given region
sse_i <- get_power(</pre>
  community = "re",
  lonlat = c(112.5, -55.5, 115.5, -50.5),
  dates = c("1984", "1985"),
  temporal_api = "monthly",
  pars = c("CLRSKY_SFC_SW_DWN", "ALLSKY_SFC_SW_DWN")
)
sse_i
```

query_parameters Que

query_parameters

Description

Queries the POWER API returning detailed information on available parameters.

Usage

```
query_parameters(community = NULL, par = NULL, temporal_api = NULL)
```

Arguments

community	An optional character vector providing community name: "ag", "sb" or "re".
par	An optional character vector of a single solar, meteorological or climatology parameter to query. If unsure, omit this argument for for a full list of all the parameters available for each temporal API and community.
temporal_api	An optional character vector indicating the temporal API end-point for data be- ing queried, supported values are "hourly", "daily", "monthly" or "climatol- ogy".

Details

If par is not provided all possible parameters for the provided community, community and temporal API, temporal_api will be returned. If only a single parameter is supplied with no community or temporal_api then the complete attribute information for that parameter will be returned for all possible communities and temporal APIs combinations. If all three values are provided, only the information for that specific combination of parameter, temporal API and community will be returned.

Value

A list object of information for the requested parameter(s) (if requested), community and temporal API.

Argument details for temporal_api

There are four valid values.

hourly The hourly average of pars by hour, day, month and year.

daily The daily average of pars by day, month and year.

monthly The monthly average of pars by month and year.

climatology Provide parameters as 22-year climatologies (solar) and 30-year climatologies (meteorology); the period climatology and monthly average, maximum, and/or minimum values.

Author(s)

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Examples

```
temporal_api = "hourly")
```

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