

# Package ‘pairedCI’

February 20, 2015

**Type** Package

**Title** Confidence intervals for the ratio of locations and for the ratio of scales of two paired samples

**Version** 0.5-4

**Date** 2012-11-24

**Author** Cornelia Froemke, Ludwig Hothorn and Michael Schneider

**Maintainer** Cornelia Froemke <cornelia.froemke@tiho-hannover.de>

**Description** The package contains two functions: `paired.Loc` and `paired.Scale`. A parametric and nonparametric confidence interval can be computed for the ratio of locations (`paired.Loc`) and the ratio of scales (`paired.Scale`). The samples must be paired and expected values must be positive.

**License** GPL-2

**Repository** CRAN

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**NeedsCompilation** no

## R topics documented:

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<code>pairedCI-package</code>	<i>Confidence intervals for the ratio of locations and for the ratio of scales of two paired samples</i>
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## Description

The package contains two functions: `paired.Loc` and `paired.Scale`. A parametric and nonparametric confidence interval can be computed for the ratio of locations (`paired.Loc`) and the ratio of scales (`paired.Scale`). The samples must be paired and expected means must be positive.

## Details

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Version:	0.5-4
Date:	2012-11-24
License:	GPL-2
LazyLoad:	yes

## Author(s)

Cornelia Froemke, Ludwig Hothorn, Michael Schneider

Maintainer: Cornelia Froemke <cornelia.froemke@tiho-hannover.de>

## References

J. Ogawa (1983): On the confidence bounds of the ratio of the means of a bivariate normal distribution. *Ann. Inst. Statist. Math.*, 35, 41-48.

B.M. Bennett (1965): Confidence limits for a ratio using Wilcoxon's signed rank test. *Biometrics*, 21, 231-234.

Bonett, D.G. (2006): Confidence interval for a ratio of variance in bivariate nonnormal distributions. *J. Stat. Comput. Sim.*, 76 (7), 637-644.

Bonett, D.G. and E. Seier (2003): Statistical inference for a ratio of dispersions using paired samples. *J. Educ. Behav. Stat.*, 28 (1), 21-30.

K.F. Yee (1988): Confidence-interval approach for evaluating bias in laboratory methods. *Journal of Automatic Chemistry*, 10 (3), 144-146.

## Examples

```
astra <- c(2.4, 4.8, 4, 4.9, 3.9, 4.1, 3.8, 3.5, 4.6, 2.9, 4.9, 3.7, 4.8, 3.7, 3.8, 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 3.9, 3.8)
flame <- c(2.4, 4.8, 4, 4.7, 3.9, 4.2, 3.8, 3.3, 4.6, 3, 5, 3.6, 4.9, 3.8, 3.9, 4.6, 4.2, 4.4, 4, 3.4)
```

```
paired.Loc(astra, flame, conf.level=0.9, method="parametric")
paired.Loc(astra, flame, conf.level=0.9, method="nonparametric")
```

```
paired.Scale(astra, flame, conf.level=0.9, method="parametric")
paired.Scale(astra, flame, conf.level=0.9, method="nonparametric")
```

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`paired.Loc`*Confidence intervals for the ratio of locations of two paired samples*

---

**Description**

This function computes confidence intervals for the ratio of locations with matched pairs. Expected values must be positive.

**Usage**

```
paired.Loc(x, y, method = "parametric", exact = FALSE, conf.level = 0.95, alternative = "two.sided")
```

**Arguments**

<code>x</code>	sample 1; a (non-empty) numeric vector of data values
<code>y</code>	sample 2; a (non-empty) numeric vector of data values
<code>method</code>	either "parametric" (default) or "nonparametric"
<code>exact</code>	a logical indicating whether the exact nonparametric confidence interval should be computed
<code>conf.level</code>	confidence level of the interval with 95% as default
<code>alternative</code>	type of alternative hypothesis, one of "two.sided" (default), "greater" or "less"

**Value**

<code>estimate</code>	ratio of means ( $x/y$ )
<code>lower</code>	lower confidence bound
<code>upper</code>	upper confidence bound

**Author(s)**

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**References**

J. Ogawa (1983): On the "confidence bounds" of the ratio of the means of a bivariate normal distribution. *Ann. Inst. Statist. Math.*, 35, 41-48.

B.M. Bennett (1965): Confidence limits for a ratio using Wilcoxon's signed rank test. *Biometrics*, 21, 231-234.

K.F. Yee (1988): Confidence-interval approach for evaluating bias in laboratory methods. *Journal of Automatic Chemistry*, 10 (3), 144-146.

**Examples**

```

astra <- c(2.4, 4.8, 4, 4.9, 3.9, 4.1, 3.8, 3.5, 4.6, 2.9, 4.9, 3.7, 4.8, 3.7, 3.8, 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 3.9, 3.8)

flame <- c(2.4, 4.8, 4, 4.7, 3.9, 4.2, 3.8, 3.3, 4.6, 3, 5, 3.6, 4.9, 3.8, 3.9, 4.6, 4.2, 4.4, 4, 3.4)

paired.Loc(astra, flame, conf.level=0.9, method="parametric")
paired.Loc(astra, flame, conf.level=0.9, method="nonparametric")

```

---

`paired.Scale`

*Confidence intervals for the ratio of scales of two paired samples*

---

**Description**

This function computes confidence intervals for the ratio of scales with matched pairs.

**Usage**

```
paired.Scale(x, y, method = "parametric", conf.level = 0.95, alternative = "two.sided")
```

**Arguments**

<code>x</code>	sample 1; a (non-empty) numeric vector of data values
<code>y</code>	sample 2; a (non-empty) numeric vector of data values
<code>method</code>	either "parametric" (default) or "nonparametric"
<code>conf.level</code>	confidence level of the interval with 95% as default
<code>alternative</code>	type of alternative hypothesis, one of "two.sided" (default), "greater" or "less"

**Value**

<code>estimate</code>	parametric: ratio of standard deviations, nonparametric: ratio of mean absolute deviations of the medians ( $x/y$ )
<code>lower</code>	lower confidence bound
<code>upper</code>	upper confidence bound

**Author(s)**

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**References**

Bonett, D.G. (2006): Confidence interval for a ratio of variance in bivariate nonnormal distributions. *J. Stat. Comput. Sim.*, 76 (7), 637-644.

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K.F. Yee (1988): Confidence-interval approach for evaluating bias in laboratory methods. *Journal of Automatic Chemistry*, 10 (3), 144-146.

**Examples**

```
astra <- c(2.4, 4.8, 4, 4.9, 3.9, 4.1, 3.8, 3.5, 4.6, 2.9, 4.9, 3.7, 4.8, 3.7, 3.8, 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 3.9, 3.8)
```

```
flame <- c(2.4, 4.8, 4, 4.7, 3.9, 4.2, 3.8, 3.3, 4.6, 3, 5, 3.6, 4.9, 3.8, 3.9, 4.6, 4.2, 4.4, 4, 3.4)
```

```
paired.Scale(astra, flame, conf.level=0.9, method="parametric")
```

```
paired.Scale(astra, flame, conf.level=0.9, method="nonparametric")
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