Package 'remoter'

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```
Type Package
```

Title Remote R: Control a Remote R Session from a Local One

Version 0.4-0

Description A set of utilities for client/server computing with R, controlling a remote R session (the server) from a local one (the client). Simply set up a server (see package vignette for more details) and connect to it from your local R session ('RStudio', terminal, etc). The client/server framework is a custom 'REPL' and runs entirely in your R session without the need for installing a custom environment on your system. Network communication is handled by the 'ZeroMQ' library by way of the 'pbdZMQ' package.

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Description

A set of utilities for client/server computing with R, controlling a remote R session (the server) from a local one (the client). Simply set up a server (see package vignette for more details) and connect to it from your local R session ('RStudio', terminal, etc). The client/server framework is a custom 'REPL' and runs entirely in your R session without the need for installing a custom environment on your system. Network communication is handled by the 'ZeroMQ' library by way of the 'pbdZMQ' package.

Author(s)

Drew Schmidt and Wei-Chen Chen

References

Project URL: https://github.com/RBigData/remoter

batch 3

batch	Batch Execution	

Description

Run a local script on a remote server in batch. Similar to R's own source() function.

Usage

```
batch(addr = "localhost", port = 55555, password = NULL, file, script,
  timer = FALSE)
```

Arguments

addr	The remote host/address/endpoint.
port	The port (number) that will be used for communication between the client and server. The port value for the client and server must agree.
password	An initial password to pass to the server. If the server is not accepting passwords, then this argument is ignored. If the initial pasword is incorrect, then assuming the server's maxretry>1, then you will be interactively asked to enter the password.
file	A character string pointing to the file you wish to execute/source. Either this or script (but not both) should be procided.
script	A character string containing the commands you wish to execute/source. Either this or script (but not both) should be procided.
timer	Logical; should the "performance prompt", which shows timing statistics after every command, be used?

Details

Note that batch() can not be run from inside an active connection. Its purpose is to bypass the need to start a connection via client()

Value

Returns TRUE invisibly on successful exit.

```
## Not run:
library(remoter)
### NOTE first run a server via remoter::server() )in a separate R session.
### For simplicity, assume they are on the same machine.

# Run a script in an R file on the local/client machine
file <- "/path/to/an/R/script.r"
batch(file=file)</pre>
```

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```
# Run a script stored in a character vector
script <- "1+1"
batch(script="1+1")
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

c2s

Client-to-Server Object Transfer

Description

This function allows you to pass an object from the local R session (the client) to server.

Usage

```
c2s(object, newname, env = .GlobalEnv)
```

Arguments

object A local R object.

newname The name the object should take when it is stored on the remote server. If left

blank, the remote name will be the same as the original (local) object's name.

env The environment into which the assignment will take place. The default is the

remoter "working environment".

Details

Localize R objects.

Value

Returns TRUE invisibly on successful exit.

```
## Not run:
### Prompts are listed to clarify when something is eval'd locally vs remotely
> library(remoter)
> x <- "some data"
> remoter::connect("my.remote.server")
remoter> x
### Error: object 'x' not found
remoter> c2s(x)
remoter> x
### [1] "some data"
## End(Not run)
```

client 5

Description

Connect to a remote server (launch the client).

Usage

```
client(addr = "localhost", port = 55555, password = NULL,
    prompt = "remoter", timer = FALSE)
```

every command, be used?

Arguments

addr	The remote host/address/endpoint.
port	The port (number) that will be used for communication between the client and server. The port value for the client and server must agree.
password	An initial password to pass to the server. If the server is not accepting passwords, then this argument is ignored. If the initial pasword is incorrect, then assuming the server's maxretry>1, then you will be interactively asked to enter the password.
prompt	The prompt to use to delineate the client from the normal R REPL.
timer	Logical; should the "performance prompt", which shows timing statistics after

Details

The port values between the client and server must agree. If they do not, this can cause the client to hang. The client is a specialized REPL that intercepts commands sent through the R interpreter. These commands are then sent from the client to and evaluated on the server. The client communicates over ZeroMQ with the server using a REQ/REP pattern. Both commands (from client to server) and returns (from server to client) are handled in this way.

To shut down the server and the client, see exit().

Value

6 exit

evalc evalc

Description

A function to evaluate expressions on the client's R session. To eval expressions on the server, just use eval(). Instead of using this function, you could also just kill the client, do your local operations, then re-run your client() command.

Usage

```
evalc(expr)
```

Arguments

expr

Expression to be evaluated on the client.

Details

Evaluate expressions on the client.

Value

Returns TRUE invisibly on successful exit.

exit exit

Description

This function cleanly shuts down the remoter server the client is currently connected to, as well as shutting down the client. One can also use q() (while the client is running), and this will not close the active R session on the client.

Usage

```
exit(client.only = TRUE, q.server = TRUE)
shutdown()
kill(addr = "localhost", port = 55555)
```

has.sodium 7

Arguments

client.only Logical; if TRUE, then the client disconnects from the server. Otherwise, the

server is shut down together with the client.

q. server Logical; if TRUE, then the server calls q("no") after shuting down with the

client. This is useful for cases where the server is running in an interactive

R session, and you wish to shut the entire thing down.

addr, port The server address and port, as in server().

Details

Exit the remoter client/server.

The shutdown() function is shorthand for exit(FALSE, TRUE). The kill() function is shorthand for running batch() with script="shutdown()".

Value

Returns TRUE invisibly on successful exit.

See Also

server and batch

has.sodium has.sodium

Description

Report if the sodium package is availabe for use.

Usage

has.sodium()

Value

Returns TRUE if the sodium package is available, and FALSE otherwise.

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is.secure is.secure

Description

Report if communications with the connected server are encrypted.

Usage

```
is.secure()
```

Value

Returns TRUE if messages between client and server are currently encrypted, and FALSE if not. If the client is not currently running (i.e., if executed from just a regular R prompt), then NA is returned.

lsc ls on Client

Description

A function to view environments on the client's R session. To view objects on the server, just use ls(). Instead of using this function, you could also just kill the client, do your local operations, then re-run your client() command.

Usage

```
lsc(envir, all.names = FALSE, pattern)
```

Arguments

envir Environment (as in 1s()).

all.names Logical that determines if all names are returned or those beginning with a '.'

are omitted (as in 1s()).

pattern Optional regular expression (as in ls()).

Details

View objects on the client.

Value

rDevices 9

rDevices

Local Graphic Devices

Description

Functions for controlling graphic device locally when the client of remote R is on. All these functions are evaluated in local R from within the remote R prompt.

```
dev.curc() locally evals grDevices::dev.cur().
dev.listc() locally evals grDevices::dev.list().
dev.nextc() locally evals grDevices::dev.next().
dev.prevc() locally evals grDevices::dev.prev().
dev.offc() locally evals grDevices::dev.off().
dev.setc() locally evals grDevices::dev.set().
dev.newc() locally eval grDevices::dev.new().
dev.sizec() locally evals grDevices::dev.size().
```

Usage

```
dev.curc()
dev.listc()
dev.nextc(which = grDevices::dev.cur())
dev.prevc(which = grDevices::dev.cur())
dev.offc(which = grDevices::dev.cur())
dev.setc(which = grDevices::dev.cur())
dev.newc(..., noRstudioGD = FALSE)
dev.sizec(units = c("in", "cm", "px"))
```

Arguments

```
which An integer specifying a device number as in grDevices::dev.off()
... arguments to be passed to the device selected as in grDevices::dev.new()
noRstudioGD as in grDevices::dev.new()
units as in grDevices::dev.size()
```

Details

Local Graphic Device Controlling Functions

10 relay

See Also

```
rpng()
```

Examples

```
## Not run:
### Prompts are listed to clarify when something is eval'd locally vs
### remotely
> library(remoter, quietly = TRUE)
> client()

remoter> rpng.new(plot(1:5))
remoter> dev.newc(width = 6, height = 4)
remoter> a <- function() plot(iris$Sepal.Length, iris$Petal.Length)
remoter> rpng.new(a, width = 6 * 72, height = 4 * 72)

remoter> dev.curc()
remoter> dev.listc()
remoter> dev.offc()

## End(Not run)
```

relay

Relay Launcher

Description

Launcher for the remoter relay.

Usage

```
relay(addr, recvport = 55556, sendport = 55555, verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

addr The address of the server.

recoport The port for receiving commands from the client. sendport The port for sending commands to the server.

verbose Show verbose messaging.

Details

The relay is an intermediary or "middleman" between the client and server meant for machines with split login/compute nodes.

rhelp 11

Value

Returns TRUE invisibly on successful exit.

rhelp rhelp

Description

Provide the primary interface to the help systems as utils::help()

Usage

```
rhelp(topic, package = NULL, lib.loc = NULL,
  verbose = getOption("verbose"),
  try.all.packages = getOption("help.try.all.packages"))
help(topic, package = NULL, lib.loc = NULL,
  verbose = getOption("verbose"),
  try.all.packages = getOption("help.try.all.packages"))
"?"(e1, e2)
```

Arguments

Details

Remote R Help System

```
## Not run:
### Prompts are listed to clarify when something is eval'd locally vs
### remotely
> # suppressMessages(library(remoter, quietly = TRUE))
> # client()
> remoter::client("192.168.56.101")

remoter> rhelp("plot")
remoter> rhelp(package = "remoter")
remoter> rhelp("plot", package = "remoter")
```

12 rmc

```
remoter> rhelp("dev.off")
remoter> rhelp("dev.off", package = "remoter")
remoter> rhelp("dev.off", package = "grDevices")

remoter> help("par")

remoter> ?'+'
remoter> ?'?'
remoter> ?"??"
remoter> package?base
remoter> '?'(package, remoter)

## End(Not run)
```

rmc

rmc

Description

A function to remove objects from the client's R session. To remove objects on the server, just use rm(). Instead of using this function, you could also just kill the client, do your local operations, then re-run your client() command.

Usage

```
rmc(..., list = character(), envir)
```

Arguments

... Objects to be removed from the client's R session.

list Character vector naming objects to be removed (as in rm()).

envir Environment (as in rm()).

Details

Remove objects on the client.

Value

13 rpng

Description

Provide a graphic device locally for plots generated on server of Remote R rpng() generates locally a device/window. rpng.new() generates locally a device/window. rpng.off() turns off locally a device/window.

dev.off() is an alias of rpng.off() in order to consisten with th original device function grDevices::dev.off().

Usage

```
rpng.new(expr, filename = NULL, width = 587, height = 586, units = "px",
 pointsize = 12, bg = "white", res = 96, ...)
rpng.off(which = grDevices::dev.cur())
dev.off(which = grDevices::dev.cur())
```

Arguments

An expression or a function generating a plot. This checks in the following expr orders: expression or ggplot. The ggplot are eval'd within the rpng.new(), while the expression is eval'd at parent.frame(). filename A temporary file to save the plot on server width width of the plot as in grDevices::png() height of the plot as in grDevices::png() height units units of the width and height as in grDevices::png() pointsize pointsze of the plotted text as in grDevices::png() background colour as in grDevices::png() bg

resolution as in grDevices::png() res

additional arguments as in grDevices::png()

An integer specifying a device number as in grDevices::dev.off() which

Details

Remote R PNG Device

See Also

rDevices

14 s2c

```
## Not run:
### Prompts are listed to clarify when something is eval'd locally vs
### remotely
> # suppressMessages(library(remoter, quietly = TRUE))
> # client()
> remoter::client("192.168.56.101")
remoter> plot(1:5)
remoter> rpng.off()
remoter> rpng()
remoter> plot(iris$Sepal.Length, iris$Petal.Length)
remoter> rpng.off()
remoter> library(ggplot2)
remoter> g1 <- ggplot(iris, aes(x = Sepal.Length, y = Petal.Length,</pre>
remoter+
                      color = Species)) +
remoter+
               geom_point(aes(shape = Species))
remoter> rpng()
remoter> print(g1)
remoter> rpng.off()
remoter> g1 + geom_smooth(method = "lm")
remoter> rpng.new(plot(1:5))
remoter> rpng.new(g1)
remoter> b <- function() plot(iris$Sepal.Length, iris$Petal.Length)</pre>
remoter> rpng.new(b)
remoter> da <- data.frame(x = rnorm(100), y = rnorm(100))
remoter> g2 <- ggplot(da, aes(x, y)) + geom_point()</pre>
remoter> g2
remoter> pdf()
remoter> g2
remoter> print(g2 + geom_line())
remoter> dev.off()
remoter> q()
## End(Not run)
```

s2c 15

Description

This function allows you to pass an object from the server to the local R session behind the client.

Usage

```
s2c(object, newname, env = .GlobalEnv)
```

Arguments

object A remote R object.

newname The name the object should take when it is stored on the local client's R session.

Must be the form of a character string. If left blank, the local name will be the

same as the original (remote) object's name.

env The environment into which the assignment will take place. The default is the

global environment.

Details

Localize R objects.

A newname, if specified, must be passed as a string (not a literal; i.e., "mynewname", not mynewname). The name must also be syntactically valid (see ?make.names).

Value

Returns TRUE invisibly on successful exit.

```
## Not run:
### Prompts are listed to clarify when something is eval'd locally vs remotely
> library(remoter)
> y
### Error: object 'y' not found
> remoter::connect("my.remote.server")
remoter> x
### Error: object 'x' not found
remoter> x <- "some data"
remoter> x
### [1] "some data"
remoter> s2c(x, "y")
remoter> q()
> y
    [1] "some data"
## End(Not run)
```

16 server

server Server Launcher	server		Server Launcher			
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Description

Launcher for the remoter server.

Usage

```
server(port = 55555, password = NULL, maxretry = 5,
  secure = has.sodium(), log = TRUE, verbose = FALSE, showmsg = FALSE,
  userpng = TRUE, sync = TRUE)
```

Arguments

port	The port (number) that will be used for communication between the client and server. The port value for the client and server must agree. If the value is 0, then a random open port will be selected.
password	A password the client must enter before the user can process commands on the server. If the value is NULL, then no password checking takes place.
maxretry	The maximum number of retries for passwords before shutting everything down.
secure	Logical; enables encryption via public key cryptography of the 'sodium' package is available.
log	Logical; enables some basic logging in the server.
verbose	Logical; enables the verbose logger.
showmsg	Logical; if TRUE, messages from the client are logged.
userpng	Logical; if TRUE, rpng is set as the default device for displaying.
sync	Logical; if TRUE, the client will have str()'d versions of server objects recreated in the global environment. This is useful in IDE's like RStudio, but it carries a performance penalty. For terminal users, this is not recommended.

Details

By a 'secure' server, we mean one that encrypts messages it sends and only accepts encrypted messages. Encryption uses public key cryptography, using the 'sodium' package.

If the 'sodium' package is available to the server, then by default the server will be secure. If the package is not available, then you will not be able to start a secure server. If the server is secure, then a client can only connect if the client has the 'sodium' package available.

Value

showlog 17

showlog showlog

Description

Show the server log on the client.

Usage

showlog()

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