

# Package ‘restful’

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**Type** Package

**Title** R Interface to RESTful Web Services

**Version** 0.0.13

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**Description** Models a RESTful service as if it were a nested R list.

**License** Artistic-2.0

**Imports** XML, RCurl, rjson, S4Vectors (>= 0.13.15), yaml

**Depends** R (>= 3.4.0), methods

**Suggests** getPass, rsolr, RUnit

**Collate** CRUDProtocol-class.R CacheInfo-class.R Credentials-class.R  
HTTP-class.R Media-class.R MediaCache-class.R RestUri-class.R  
RestContainer-class.R test\_restful\_package.R utils.R

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Credentials-class      *Credentials*

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### Description

`Credentials` stores authentication credentials (username and password). Note that it is easy to retrieve the password from this object. There is no encryption or other security.

### Accessors

username: get the username as a string.  
password: get the password as a plain text string.

### Author(s)

Michael Lawrence

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CRUDProtocol-class      *CRUDProtocol*

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### Description

`CRUDProtocol` is a base class for implementing the communication protocol for performing Create, Read, Update and Delete (CRUD) operations on a resource identified by a [RestUri](#). Only HTTP is implemented by this package, and it should serve as useful example for other implementations.

### Author(s)

Michael Lawrence

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Media-class      *Media*

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### Description

The `Media` object represents a value identified by a URI. There is a `Media` subclass for each media type, such as “text/csv” or “application/xml”. Coercion methods (see [setAs](#)) define mappings between `Media` subclasses and `R` objects. The user does not usually need to access this functionality directly.

### Type conversion

Each `Media` subclass may be converted to/from one or more `R` types. The mappings are established by [setAs](#).

The following bi-directional mappings are built into the package:

application/xml, text/html	<a href="#">XMLAbstractNode</a>
application/json	list
text/csv	data.frame
text/*	character

But call `mediaCoercionTable` to see what is defined in the current session.

The `as` function is the canonical interface to converting media to R objects. It (usefully) requires that the user specify the target R type. For convenience, the `mediaTarget` generic returns the default R type for a given Media object.

To support a new media type, one should define a Media subclass with the same name as the media type (`application/xml`), a corresponding `mediaTarget` method, and all relevant coerce methods. See the Media class hierarchy to determine where the new type fits.

## Helpers

`mediaCoercionTable()`: Returns a character matrix with columns “from” and “to”, indicating the available coercions of media types to/from R objects.

## Author(s)

Michael Lawrence

## Examples

```
txt <- '{"json":{"rocks":true}}'
json <- as(txt, "application/json")
as(json, mediaTarget(json))
```

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MediaCache-class

*MediaCache*

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## Description

MediaCache is just an environment that restricts the types of its elements to [Media](#). Construct an instance by calling `MediaCache`. The shared default for all REST clients is returned by `globalRestClientCache`.

## Author(s)

Michael Lawrence

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RestContainer-class    *RestContainer*

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### Description

The `RestContainer` object wraps a collection of resources with a list-like interface. Values are stored and retrieved using familiar accessors like `[]` and `[]<-`. Coercion between external media and R objects is based on the [Media](#) framework.

### Data access

The `RestContainer` object maps familiar R list accessors to CRUD operations on [RestUri](#).

`x[] <- value`: Creates resources for the objects in `value` at `x`. This is the [create](#)/POST operation. Unlike an R list, the resources are added to the collection without removing any existing resources. This inconsistency is unfortunate, so we might change this behavior in the future.

`x$name, x[[i]]`: Reads the named element. This is the [read](#)/GET operation.

`x[i]`: Reads the named elements, which are returned in a list. This is the vectorized [read](#)/GET operation. Unlike an R list, this is not an endomorphism, in that the return value is dropped to a list and is no longer attached to the REST interface.

`x$name <- value, x[[i]] <- value`: Updates the named resource with `value`. This is the [update](#)/PUT operation.

`x[i] <- value`: Updates resources at `x` with the objects in `value`, a list. This is the vectorized [update](#)/PUT operation.

`x$name <- NULL, x[[i]] <- NULL`: Deletes the named resource. This is the [delete](#)/DELETE operation.

### Constructor

`RestContainer(...)`: Constructs an instance based on [RestUri\(...\)](#).

### Author(s)

Michael Lawrence

### See Also

[RestUri](#), which is a lower-level but perhaps more sensible interface.

### Examples

```
apache <- RestContainer("http://wiki.apache.org")
apache$solr
```

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RestUri-class	<i>RestUri</i>
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## Description

The `RestUri` object represents a resource accessible via a RESTful interface. It extends `character` with a protocol, used for accessing the data, as well as a cache. R objects are converted to/from external media via the [Media](#) framework.

## CRUD interface

There are four canonical, abstract types of REST operations: create, read, update, delete (CRUD). The CRUD model was borrowed from traditional databases. The `restfulr` package maps those four operations to R functions of the same name. The functions are generic, and there are methods for `RestUri` and `character` (taken to be a URI), described below.

`create(x, value, ..., returnResponse=FALSE)`: Creates a resource at `x` by converting `value` to a supported media type. The `...` become query parameters on `x`. If `returnResponse` is `TRUE`, convert and return any response sent from the endpoint. By default, `x` is returned, to support chaining. This corresponds to an HTTP POST.

`read(x, ...)`: Reads the resource at `x`, coerces it to an R object, and returns the object. The `...` become query parameters on `x`. This corresponds to an HTTP GET.

`update(object, value, ...)`: Updates the resource at `x` by converting `value` to a supported media type. The `...` become query parameters on `x`. This corresponds to an HTTP PUT.

`delete(x, ...)`: Deletes the resource at `x`. This corresponds to an HTTP DELETE.

## Constructor

`RestUri(base.uri, protocol = CRUDProtocol(base.uri, ...), cache = globalRestClientCache(), ...)`

Constructs a `RestUri` object, pointing to `base.uri`, a string representation of the URI. The `protocol` (a `CRUDProtocol` instance) is automatically determined from the scheme of the URI. By default, all instances share the same global cache, a `MediaCache` instance.

`x$name`: Extends the path of `x` by appending `name`. This is a convenient way to narrow a URI and is intuitive if one thinks of a tree of resources as a nested list.

`x[[i]]`: Extends the path of `x` by appending `i`.

`x[...]`: Named arguments in `...` become query parameters on `x`.

## Container support

`container(x)`: Gets a `RestContainer` object for treating `x` as a list-like container.

### Authentication

RestUri currently supports basic HTTP authentication. Call `authenticate(x)` to add credentials to the RestUri `x`. Retrieve the Credentials object with the `credentials` accessor.

Once a set of credentials has been entered, it is recorded for the URI in `$(HOME)/.local/config/restfulr/credentials`. The path prefix can be changed via the `XDG_CONFIG_DIR` environment variable, according to the XDG standard. The credential cache is checked during authentication, so that a user does not need to reenter credentials for the same URI.

If the **getPass** package is installed, we use it for password entry. Otherwise, we rely on an implementation that shows the password as it is entered, unless the user is in a terminal, where we can hide input.

### Utilities

`embedCredentials(x)`: Embeds the internal credential information into the URL itself, for interfacing with other tools, like `utils::download.file`.

### Author(s)

Michael Lawrence

### Examples

```
apache <- RestUri("http://wiki.apache.org")
read(apache$solr)
```

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