Package 'villager'

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Title A Framework for Designing and Running Agent Based Models

Version 1.1.1
Description This is a package for creating and running Agent Based Models (ABM). It provides a set of base classes with core functionality to allow bootstrapped models. For more intensive modeling, the supplied classes can be extended to fit researcher needs.
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data_writer

Data Writer

Description

A class responsible for the simulation data to disk.

Details

This class can be subclasses to provide advanced data writing to other data sources. This should also be subclassed if the winik and resource classes are subclasses, to write any addional fields to the data source.

Methods

write() Writes the winik and resources to disk.

Create a new data writer.

Public fields

results_directory The folder where the simulation results are written to winik_filename The location where the winiks are written to resource_filename The location where the resources are written to

Methods

Public methods:

- data_writer\$new()
- data_writer\$write()data_writer\$clone()

Method new(): Creates a new data writer object that has optional paths for data files.

```
Usage:
data_writer$new(
  results_directory = "results",
  winik_filename = "winiks.csv",
  resource_filename = "resources.csv")
```

model_data 3

Arguments:

results_directory The directory where the results file is written to winik_filename The name of the file for the winik data resource_filename The name of the file for the resource data

Returns: A new winik object Writes a village's state to disk.

Method write(): Takes a state an the name of a village and writes the winiks and resources to disk

Usage:

data_writer\$write(state, village_name)

Arguments:

state The village's village_state that's being written

village_name The name of the village. This is used to create the data directory

Returns: None

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

data_writer\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

model_data

R6 Class representing data that's external from resources and winiks

Description

R6 Class representing data that's external from resources and winiks

R6 Class representing data that's external from resources and winiks

Details

It contains a single variable, 'events' for when the data holds a list of events

Public fields

events Any events that need to be tracked

4 resource

Methods

Public methods:

```
model_data$new()model_data$clone()
```

Method new(): Creates a new model_data object

Usage:

model_data\$new()

Returns: A new model data object

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

model_data\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

resource

resource

Description

This is an object that represents a single resource.

Methods

```
initialize() Create a new resource
as_table() Represents the current state of the resource as a tibble
Creates a new resource.
```

Public fields

```
name The name of the resource quantity The quantity of the resource that exists
```

Methods

Public methods:

- resource\$new()
- resource\$as_table()
- resource\$clone()

Method new(): Creates a new resource object

Usage:

resource_manager 5

```
resource$new(name = NA, quantity = 0)

Arguments:

name The name of the resource
quantity The quantity present Returns a data.frame representation of the resource

Method as_table():

Usage:
resource$as_table()

Returns: A data.frame of resources

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:
resource$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:
deep Whether to make a deep clone.
```

resource_manager

Resource Manager

Description

This object manages all of the resources in a village.

Methods

```
initialize() Creates a new manager
get_resources() Gets all of the resources that the manager has
get_resource() Retrieves a resource from the manager
add_resource() Adds a resource to the manager
remove_resource() Removes a resource from the manager
get_resource_index() Retrieves the index of the resource
get_states() Returns a list of states
load() Loads a csv file of resources and adds them to the manager.
```

Public fields

```
resources A list of resource objects
```

resource_class The class used to represent resources Creates a new , empty, resource manager for a village.

6 resource_manager

Methods

```
Public methods:
```

```
• resource_manager$new()
  • resource_manager$get_resources()
  • resource_manager$get_resource()
  • resource_manager$add_resource()
  resource_manager$remove_resource()
  • resource_manager$get_resource_index()
  • resource_manager$get_states()
  • resource_manager$load()
  • resource_manager$clone()
Method new(): Get a new instance of a resource_manager
 resource_manager$new(resource_class = villager::resource)
 Arguments:
 resource_class The class being used to describe the resources being managed Gets all of the
     managed resources
Method get_resources():
 Usage:
 resource_manager$get_resources()
 Returns: A list of resources Gets a resource given a resource name
Method get_resource():
 Usage:
 resource_manager$get_resource(name)
 Arguments:
 name The name of the requested resource
 Returns: A resource object Adds a resource to the manager.
Method add_resource():
 Usage:
 resource_manager$add_resource(new_resource)
 Arguments:
 new_resource The resource to add
 Returns: None Removes a resource from the manager
Method remove_resource():
 resource_manager$remove_resource(name)
 Arguments:
```

simulation 7

name The name of the resource being removed

Returns: None Returns the index of a resource in the internal resource list

```
Method get_resource_index():
```

Usage:

resource_manager\$get_resource_index(name)

Arguments:

name The name of the resource being located

Returns: The index in the list, or R's default return value Returns a data.frame where each row is a resource.

Method get_states():

Usage:

resource_manager\$get_states()

Details: Subclasses should not have to override this method because it takes all member variables into account

Returns: A single data.frame Loads a csv file of resources into the manager

Method load():

Usage:

resource_manager\$load(file_name)

Arguments:

file_name The path to the csv file

Returns: None

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage.

resource_manager\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

simulation

simulation

Description

Advances one or more villages through time

Methods

run_model() Runs the simulation

Creates a new Simulation instance

8 village

Public fields

```
length The total number of time steps that the simulation runs for villages A list of villages that the simulator will run writer An instance of a data_writer class for writing village data to disk
```

Methods

```
Public methods:
```

```
• simulation$new()
```

simulation\$run_model()simulation\$clone()

```
Method new(): Creates a new simulation object to control the experiment
```

```
Usage:
```

```
simulation$new(length, villages, writer = villager::data_writer$new())
```

Arguments:

```
length The number of steps the simulation takes
```

villages A list of villages that will be simulated

writer The data writer to be used with the villages Runs the simulation

Method run_model():

Usage:

simulation\$run_model()

Returns: None

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

simulation\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

village

Village

Description

This is an object that represents the state of a village at a particular time.

Details

This class acts as a type of record that holds the values of the different village variables. This class can be subclassed to include more variables that aren't present.

village 9

Methods

```
initialize() Creates a new village
propagate() Advances the village a single time step
set_initial_state() Initializes the initial state of the village
```

Public fields

```
name An optional name for the village
initial_condition A function that sets the initial state of the village
current_state The village's current state
previous_state The village's previous state
models A list of functions or a single function that should be run at each timestep
model_data Optional data that models may need
winik_mgr The manager that handles all of the winiks
resource_mgr The manager that handles all of the resources Initializes a village
```

Methods

Public methods:

village\$new()village\$propagate()village\$set_initial_state()village\$clone()

Method new(): This method is meant to set the variables that are needed for a village to propagate through time.

```
Usage:
village$new(
    name,
    initial_condition,
    models = list(),
    winik_class = villager::winik,
    resource_class = villager::resource
)

Arguments:
name An optional name for the village
initial_condition A function that gets called on the first time step
models A list of functions or a single function that should be run at each time step
winik_class The class that's being used to represent agents
resource_class The class being used to describe the resources Propagates the village a single
    time step
```

Method propagate():

10 village_state

```
Usage:
village$propagate(current_step)
Arguments:
current_step The current time step
```

Details: This method is used to advance the village a single time step. It should NOT be used to set initial conditions. See the set_initial_state method.

Returns: None Runs the user defined function that sets the initial state of the village

```
Method set_initial_state(): Runs the initial condition model
    Usage:
    village$set_initial_state()

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.
    Usage:
    village$clone(deep = FALSE)
```

Arguments: deep Whether to make a deep clone.

village_state

village_state

Description

This is an object that represents the state of a village at a particular time.

Details

This class acts as a type of record that holds the values of the different village variables. This class can be subclassed to include more variables that aren't present.

Methods

Creates a new State

Public fields

```
step The time step that the state is relevant to
winik_states A list of winik states
resource_states A list of resource states
```

winik 11

Methods

Public methods:

- village_state\$new()
- village_state\$clone()

Method new(): Initializes all of the properties in the state to the ones passed in. This should be called by subclasses during initialization.

```
Usage:
village_state$new(
    step = 0,
    winik_states = vector(),
    resource_states = vector()
)
Arguments:
step The time step that the state is relevant to
winik_states A vector of tibbles representing the states of the winiks
resource_states A vector of tibbles representing the states of the resources
Details: When adding a new property, make sure to add it to the tibble representation.
```

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

```
Usage:
village_state$clone(deep = FALSE)
Arguments:
deep Whether to make a deep clone.
```

winik

Winik

Description

This is an object that represents a villager (winik).

Details

This class acts as an abstraction for handling villager-level logic. It can take a number of functions that run at each timestep. It also has an associated

Methods

```
as_table() Represents the current state of the winik as a tibble get_age() Returns age in terms of years get_gender() get_days_sincelast_birth() Get the number of days since the winik last gave birth initialize() Create a new winik propagate() Runs every day

Create a new winik
```

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Public fields

```
identifier A unique identifier that can be used to identify and find the winik first_name The winik's first name
last_name The winik's last name
age The winik's age
mother_id The identifier of the winik's mother
father_id The identifier of the winik's father
profession The winik's profession
partner The identifier of the winik's partner
gender The winik's gender
alive A boolean flag that represents whether the villager is alive or dead
children A list of children identifiers
health A percentage value of the winik's current health
```

Methods

Public methods:

```
winik$new()
winik$is_alive()
winik$get_days_since_last_birth()
winik$add_child()
winik$as_table()
winik$clone()
```

Method new(): Used to created new winik objects.

```
Usage:
winik$new(
  identifier = NA,
  first_name = NA,
  last_name = NA,
  age = 0,
  mother_id = NA,
  father_id = NA,
  partner = NA,
  children = vector(mode = "character"),
  gender = NA,
  profession = NA,
  alive = TRUE,
  health = 100
)
Arguments:
identifier The winik's identifier
first_name The winik's first name
```

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```
last_name The winik's last naem
 age The age of the winik
 mother_id The identifier of the winik's monther
 father_id The identifier of the winik' father
 partner The identifier of the winik's partner
 children An ordered list of of the children from this winik
 gender The gender of the winik
 profession The winik's profession
 alive Boolean whether the winik is alive or not
 health A percentage value of the winik's current health
 Returns: A new winik object A function that returns true or false whether the villager dies This
 is run each day
Method is_alive():
 Usage:
 winik$is_alive()
 Returns: A boolean whether the winik is alive (true for yes) Gets the number of days from the
 last birth. This is also the age of the most recently born winik
Method get_days_since_last_birth():
 Usage:
 winik$get_days_since_last_birth()
 Returns: The number of days since last birth Connects a child to the winik. This method
 ensures that the 'children' vector is ordered.
Method add_child():
 Usage:
 winik$add_child(child)
 Arguments:
 child The Winik object representing the child
 Returns: None Returns a data.frame representation of the winik
Method as_table(): I hope there's a more scalable way to do this in R; Adding every new
attribute to this function isn't practical
 Usage:
 winik$as_table()
 Details: The village state holds a copy of all of the villagers at each timestep; this method is
 used to turn the winik properties into the object inserted in the village_state.
 Returns: A data frame representation of the winik
Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.
 winik$clone(deep = FALSE)
 Arguments:
```

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

winik_manager

Winik Manager

Description

A class that abstracts the management of aggregations of Winik classes. Each village should have an instance of a winik_manager to interface the winiks inside.

Methods

```
add_winik() Adds a single winik to the manager.

get_average_age() Returns the average age, in years, of all the winiks.

get_living_winiks() Gets a list of all the winiks that are currently alive.

get_states() Returns a data.frame consisting of all of the managed winiks.

get_winik() Retrieves a particular winik from the manager.

get_winik_index() Retrieves the index of a winik.

initialize() Creates a new manager instance.

load() Loads a csv file defining a population of winiks and places them in the manager.

remove_winik() Removes a winik from the manager

Creates a new winik manager instance.
```

Public fields

winiks A list of winiks objects that the winik manager manages.
winik_class A class describing winiks. This is usually the default villager supplied 'winik' class

Methods

Public methods:

- winik_manager\$new()
- winik_manager\$get_winik()
- winik_manager\$get_living_winiks()
- winik_manager\$add_winik()
- winik_manager\$remove_winik()
- winik_manager\$get_states()
- winik_manager\$get_winik_index()
- winik_manager\$connect_winiks()
- winik_manager\$get_living_population()
- winik_manager\$get_average_age()
- winik_manager\$add_children()
- winik_manager\$load()
- winik_manager\$clone()

```
Method new():
 Usage:
 winik_manager$new(winik_class = villager::winik)
 Arguments:
 winik_class The class that's being used to represent agents being managed Given the identifier
     of a winik, sort through all of the managed winiks and return it if it exists.
Method get_winik(): Return the R6 instance of a winik with identifier 'winik_identifier'.
 Usage:
 winik_manager$get_winik(winik_identifier)
 Arguments:
 winik_identifier The identifier of the requested winik.
 Returns: An R6 winik object Returns a list of all the winiks that are currently alive.
Method get_living_winiks():
 Usage:
 winik_manager$get_living_winiks()
 Returns: A list of living winiks Adds a winik to the manager.
Method add_winik():
 winik_manager$add_winik(new_winik)
 Arguments:
 new_winik The winik to add to the manager
 Returns: None Removes a winik from the manager
Method remove_winik():
 Usage:
 winik_manager$remove_winik(winik_identifier)
 Arguments:
 winik_identifier The identifier of the winik being removed
 Returns: None Returns a data.frame of winiks
Method get_states():
 Usage:
 winik_manager$get_states()
 Details: Each row of the data.frame represents a winik object
 Returns: A single data frame of all winiks Returns the index of a winik in the internal winik
 list
Method get_winik_index():
```

Usage:

```
winik_manager$get_winik_index(winik_identifier)
```

Arguments:

winik_identifier The identifier of the winik being located

Returns: The index in the list, or R's default return value Connects two winiks together as mates

Method connect_winiks():

Usage:

winik_manager\$connect_winiks(winik_a, winik_b)

Arguments:

winik_a A winik that will be connected to winik_b

winik_b A winik that will be connected to winik_a Returns the total number of winiks that are alive

Method get_living_population():

Usage:

winik_manager\$get_living_population()

Returns: The number of living winiks Returns the averag age, in years, of all of the winiks

Method get_average_age():

Usage:

winik_manager\$get_average_age()

Details: This is an *example* of the kind of logic that the manager might handle. In this case, the manager is performing calculations about its aggregation (winiks). Note that the 364 days needs to work better

Returns: The average age in years Takes all of the winiks in the manager and reconstructs the children

Method add_children():

Usage:

winik_manager\$add_children()

Details: This is typically called when loading winiks from disk for the first time. When children are created during the simulation, the family connections are made through the winik class and added to the manager via add_winik.

Returns: None Loads winiks from disk.

Method load():

Usage:

winik_manager\$load(file_name)

Arguments:

file_name The location of the file holding the winiks.

Details: Populates the winik manager with a set of winiks defined in a csv file.

Returns: None

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

winik_manager\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

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