# Package 'wfindr' 

August 29, 2016
Title Crossword, Scrabble and Anagram Solver
Version 0.1.0
Date 2016-07-02
Description Provides a large English words list and tools to find words by patterns. In particular, anagram finder and scrabble word finder.

URL https://github.com/idmn/wfindr
BugReports https://github.com/idmn/wfindr/issues
License GPL-2
LazyData true
Depends R (>= 3.1.2)
Imports dplyr, magrittr
RoxygenNote 5.0.1
NeedsCompilation no
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Repository CRAN
Date/Publication 2016-07-03 17:58:53

## $R$ topics documented:

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```
char_count Characters count
```


## Description

Calculates character frequencies in a vector.

## Usage

char_count ( $x$ )

## Arguments

## x

character vector, or a list that can be unlisted to a character vector.

## Value

data.frame with two columns: char - character and count - number of it's occurencies.

## Examples

```
char_count("character")
char_count(words.eng)
```

find_word
Find words that fit the chosen parameters.

## Description

Uses regex constructed by model_to_regex to search words. By default the search is done among words.eng.
find_word returns a vector of found words, find_word_l returns a logical vector that can be used for subsetting.

## Usage

find_word(model = "*", allow = letters, ban = character(0), type = "usual", words = wfindr::words.eng)
find_word_l(model = "*", allow = letters, ban = character(0), type = "usual", words = wfindr::words.eng)

## Arguments

model
allow characters allowed to fill gaps in a word. Can be listed in a single string or in a
ban characters not allowed to fill gaps in a word.
type
words unknown number of unknown characters. See examples.
By default model is set to " $\star$ ". vector. By default is set to letters.
pattern that a word should match. Consists of letters and unknown characters specifications. Dot . stands for unknown character. It may be followed by $\{\ldots\}$ repetition quantifier (i.e. . $\{n\}, .\{n\},, .\{n, m\}$ ). Asterisk $*$ stands for

See Also
scrabble, anagram

## Examples

```
## Search 4-letter words starting with "c".
find_word("c.{3}")
## Disallow "a" and "b".
find_word("c.{3}", ban = "ab")
## Allow only "a" and "b" to fill the gap.
find_word("c.{3}", allow = "ab")
## Allow "a", "b", and "c", but then ban "c"
## result is the same as in the previous example
find_word("c.{3}", allow = "abc", ban = "c")
## Find no more than 4-letter words that have "th" bigram
library(magrittr)
find_word(".{0,4}") %>% find_word("*th*", words = .)
## count words that start with "th"
sum(find_word_l("th*"))
length(find_word("th*"))
## Find words that can be constructed of the "thing" word's letters.
```

```
find_word(allow = "thing", type = "scrabble")
## Get at lest 4-letter words.
find_word(".{4,}", allow = "thing", type = "scrabble")
## Find anagrams of the word "thing"
find_word(allow = "thing", type = "anagram")
```

model_to_regex Build a regular expression to fit chosen parameters

## Description

Build a regular expression to fit chosen parameters

## Usage

model_to_regex(model = "*", allow = letters, ban = character(0), type = "usual")

## Arguments

model pattern that a word should match. Consists of letters and unknown characters specifications. Dot . stands for unknown character. It may be followed by $\{\ldots\}$ repetition quantifier (i.e. . $\{n\}, .\{n\},, .\{n, m\}$ ). Asterisk $*$ stands for unknown number of unknown characters. See examples.
By default model is set to " $*$ ".
allow characters allowed to fill gaps in a word. Can be listed in a single string or in a vector. By default is set to letters.
ban characters not allowed to fill gaps in a word.
type can be "usual", "scrabble", or "anagram". Abbreviated input is allowed: e.g. "u", "s", or "a".
type defines how often allowed characters can be used to fill the gaps. Say, character appears $n$ times in allow and $m$ times in ban. If $d=n-m$ is less or equal to zero, whatever the type is, this character won't be used to fill the gaps. For the case when $d>0$ :

- If type is "usual" then the character is allowed to fill the gaps unlimited number of times.
- If type is "scrabble" then the character is allowed to fill the gaps no more than d times.
- If type is "anagram" then the character should be used exactly d times.


## Warning

If type = "scrabble" or "anagram", output regex will contain perl-like syntax. So, to use it in grep or gsub for example, set perl parameter to TRUE.

## See Also

find_word, scrabble, anagram

## Examples

```
## Regular expression to match all the 5-letter words starting with "c".
model_to_regex("c.{4}")
## Disallow "a" and "b".
model_to_regex("c.{4}", ban = "ab")
## Allow only "a" and "b" to fill the gap.
model_to_regex("c.{4}", allow = "ab")
## Allow "a", "b", and "c", but then ban "c" (result is the same as the previous example)
model_to_regex("c.{4}", allow = "abc", ban = "c")
## Regex to match all words that start with "p" and end with "zed".
model_to_regex("p*zed")
## Regex to match all the words that can be constructed of the word "thing".
model_to_regex(allow = "thing", type = "scrabble")
## Get at lest 4-letter words.
model_to_regex(".{4,}", allow = "thing", type = "scrabble")
## Regex to match anagrams of the word "thing"
model_to_regex(allow = "thing", type = "anagram")
```


## Description

scrabble finds words that can be constructed from the specified set of letters.
anagram finds words that are permutations of the specified set of letters. Usually this set of letters is a word itself.

## Usage

scrabble(allow, model = "*", ban = character(0), words = wfindr::words.eng)
anagram(allow, model $=$ "*", ban $=$ character(0), words $=$ wfindr::words.eng)

## Arguments

allow characters allowed to use to construct words.
model pattern that a word should match. Consists of letters and unknown characters specifications. Dot . stands for unknown character. It may be followed by $\{\ldots\}$ repetition quantifier (i.e. . $\{n\}, .\{n\},, .\{n, m\}$ ). Asterisk $*$ stands for
unknown number of unknown characters. See examples.
By default model is set to " $*$ ".
ban characters not allowed to fill gaps in a word.
words vector of words to search within. By default is set to words.eng.

## Details

scrabble and anagram are functions built on top of the find_word function with parameter type set to "scrabble" or "anagram" respectively and allow parameter moved to the first place to simplify usage (see the first example).

## See Also

find_word

## Examples

```
## Find all words that can be constructed of the "thing" word's letters
scrabble("thing")
## same as
find_word(allow = "thing", type = "s")
## take at least 4-letter words
scrabble("thing", ".{4,}")
## same as
find_word(".{4,}", "thing", type = "s")
## Pick 8 random letters and find words that can be constructed of them.
library(magrittr)
sample(letters, 8, TRUE) %>% list(letters = ., words = scrabble(.))
## Find anagrams of the word "thing"
anagram("thing")
```

words.eng English words list

## Description

263,533 english words list took from http://norvig.com/ngrams/ (See word.list file).

## Format

An object of class character of length 263533.

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