

# Package ‘wordbankr’

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**Type** Package

**Title** Accessing the Wordbank Database

**Description** Tools for connecting to Wordbank, an open repository for developmental vocabulary data. For more information on the underlying data, see <<http://wordbank.stanford.edu>>.

**Version** 0.3.1

**Depends** R (>= 4.0)

**License** GPL-3

**URL** <https://github.com/langcog/wordbankr>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/langcog/wordbankr/issues>

**Imports** assertthat (>= 0.2.1), DBI (>= 1.1.0), dbplyr (>= 1.4.4), dplyr (>= 1.0.2), purrr (>= 0.3.4), quantregGrowth (>= 0.4), rlang (>= 0.4.8), RMySQL (>= 0.10.20), robustbase (>= 0.93), stringr (>= 1.4.0), tidyR (>= 1.1.2)

**Suggests** ggplot2, knitr, rmarkdown

**VignetteBuilder** knitr

**RoxygenNote** 7.1.1

**Encoding** UTF-8

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**Author** Mika Braginsky [aut, cre],  
Daniel Yurovsky [ctb],  
Michael Frank [ctb],  
Danielle Kellier [ctb]

**Maintainer** Mika Braginsky <mika.br@gmail.com>

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<b>fit_aoa</b>	<i>Fit age of acquisition estimates for Wordbank data</i>
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### Description

For each item in the input data, estimate its age of acquisition as the earliest age (in months) at which the proportion of children who understand/produce the item is greater than some threshold. The proportions used can be empirical or first smoothed by a model.

### Usage

```
fit_aoa(
  instrument_data,
  measure = "produces",
  method = "glm",
  proportion = 0.5,
  age_min = min(instrument_data$age, na.rm = TRUE),
  age_max = max(instrument_data$age, na.rm = TRUE)
)
```

### Arguments

instrument_data	A data frame returned by <code>get_instrument_data</code> , which must have an "age" column and a "num_item_id" column.
measure	One of "produces" or "understands" (defaults to "produces").
method	A string indicating which smoothing method to use: <code>empirical</code> to use empirical proportions, <code>glm</code> to fit a logistic linear model, <code>glmrob</code> a robust logistic linear model (defaults to <code>glm</code> ).
proportion	A number between 0 and 1 indicating threshold proportion of children.
age_min	The minimum age to allow for an age of acquisition. Defaults to the minimum age in <code>instrument_data</code> .

age_max	The maximum age to allow for an age of acquisition. Defaults to the maximum age in instrument_data
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**Value**

A data frame where every row is an item, the item-level columns from the input data are preserved, and the aoa column contains the age of acquisition estimates.

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
eng_ws_data <- get_instrument_data(language = "English (American)",
                                      form = "WS",
                                      items = c("item_1", "item_42"),
                                      administrations = TRUE)
eng_ws_aoa <- fit_aoa(eng_ws_data)

## End(Not run)
```

**fit\_vocab\_quantiles** *Fit quantiles to vocabulary sizes using quantile regression*

**Description**

Fit quantiles to vocabulary sizes using quantile regression

**Usage**

```
fit_vocab_quantiles(vocab_data, measure, group = NULL, quantiles = "standard")
```

**Arguments**

vocab_data	A data frame returned by <code>get_administration_data</code> .
measure	A column of <code>vocab_data</code> with vocabulary values (production or comprehension).
group	(Optional) A column of <code>vocab_data</code> to group by.
quantiles	Either one of "standard" (default), "deciles", "quintiles", "quartiles", "median", or a numeric vector of quantile values.

**Value**

A data frame with the columns "language", "form", "age", group (if specified), "quantile", and measure, where measure is the fit vocabulary value for that quantile at that age.

## Examples

```
## Not run:
eng_ws <- get_administration_data("English (American)", "WS")
fit_vocab_quantiles(eng_ws, production)
fit_vocab_quantiles(eng_ws, production, sex)
fit_vocab_quantiles(eng_ws, production, quantiles = "quartiles")

## End(Not run)
```

**get\_administration\_data**

*Get the Wordbank by-administration data*

## Description

Get the Wordbank by-administration data

## Usage

```
get_administration_data(
  language = NULL,
  form = NULL,
  filter_age = TRUE,
  original_ids = FALSE,
  mode = "remote"
)
```

## Arguments

<code>language</code>	An optional string specifying which language's administrations to retrieve.
<code>form</code>	An optional string specifying which form's administrations to retrieve.
<code>filter_age</code>	A logical indicating whether to filter the administrations to ones in the valid age range for their instrument.
<code>original_ids</code>	A logical indicating whether to include the original ids provided by data contributors. Wordbank provides no guarantees about the structure or uniqueness of these ids. Use at your own risk!
<code>mode</code>	A string indicating connection mode: one of "local", or "remote" (defaults to "remote").

## Value

A data frame where each row is a CDI administration and each column is a variable about the administration (`data_id`, `age`, `comprehension`, `production`), its instrument (`language`, `form`), its child (`birth_order`, `ethnicity`, `sex`, `mom_ed`, `zygosity`), and its dataset source (`source_name`, `source_dataset`, `norming`, `longitudinal`). Also includes an `original_id` column if the `original_ids` flag is TRUE.

## Examples

```
## Not run:  
english_ws_admins <- get_administration_data("English (American)", "WS")  
all_admins <- get_administration_data()  
  
## End(Not run)
```

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get\_crossling\_data     *Get item-by-age summary statistics for items across languages*

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## Description

Get item-by-age summary statistics for items across languages

## Usage

```
get_crossling_data(uni_lemmas, mode = "remote")
```

## Arguments

uni_lemmas	A character vector of uni_lemmas.
mode	A string indicating connection mode: one of "local", or "remote" (defaults to "remote").

## Value

A dataframe with a row for each combination of language, item, and age, and columns for summary statistics for the group: number of children (n\_children), means (comprehension, production), standard deviations (comprehension\_sd, production\_sd); and item-level variables (item\_id, definition, uni\_lemma, lexical\_category, lexical\_class).

## Examples

```
## Not run:  
crossling_data <- get_crossling_data(uni_lemmas = c("hat", "nose"))  
  
## End(Not run)
```

`get_crossling_items`    *Get the uni\_lemmas available in Wordbank*

### Description

Get the uni\_lemmas available in Wordbank

### Usage

```
get_crossling_items(mode = "remote")
```

### Arguments

mode	A string indicating connection mode: one of "local", or "remote" (defaults to "remote").
------	--

### Value

A data frame with the column uni\_lemma.

### Examples

```
## Not run:  
uni_lemmas <- get_crossling_items()  
  
## End(Not run)
```

`get_instruments`    *Get the Wordbank instruments*

### Description

Get the Wordbank instruments

### Usage

```
get_instruments(mode = "remote")
```

### Arguments

mode	A string indicating connection mode: one of "local", or "remote" (defaults to "remote").
------	--

### Value

A data frame where each row is a CDI instrument and each column is a variable about the instrument (instrument\_id, language, form, age\_min, age\_max, has\_grammar).

## Examples

```
## Not run:
instruments <- get_instruments()

## End(Not run)
```

`get_instrument_data`     *Get the Wordbank administration-by-item data*

## Description

Get the Wordbank administration-by-item data

## Usage

```
get_instrument_data(
  language,
  form,
  items = NULL,
  administrations = FALSE,
  iteminfo = FALSE,
  mode = "remote"
)
```

## Arguments

<code>language</code>	A string of the instrument's language (insensitive to case and whitespace).
<code>form</code>	A string of the instrument's form (insensitive to case and whitespace).
<code>items</code>	A character vector of column names of <code>instrument_table</code> of items to extract. If not supplied, defaults to all the columns of <code>instrument_table</code> .
<code>administrations</code>	Either a logical indicating whether to include administration data or a data frame of administration data (from <code>get_administration_data</code> ).
<code>iteminfo</code>	Either a logical indicating whether to include item data or a data frame of item data (from <code>get_item_data</code> ).
<code>mode</code>	A string indicating connection mode: one of "local", or "remote" (defaults to "remote").

## Value

A data frame where each row is the result (`value`) of a given item (`num_item_id`) for a given administration (`data_id`), with additional columns of variables about the administration and item, if specified.

## Examples

```
## Not run:
eng_ws_data <- get_instrument_data(language = "English (American)",
                                      form = "WS",
                                      items = c("item_1", "item_42"))

## End(Not run)
```

**get\_item\_data** *Get the Wordbank by-item data*

## Description

Get the Wordbank by-item data

## Usage

```
get_item_data(language = NULL, form = NULL, mode = "remote")
```

## Arguments

language	An optional string specifying which language's items to retrieve.
form	An optional string specifying which form's items to retrieve.
mode	A string indicating connection mode: one of "local", or "remote" (defaults to "remote").

## Value

A data frame where each row is a CDI item and each column is a variable about it (item\_id, definition, language, form, type, category, lexical\_category, lexical\_class, uni\_lemma, complexity\_category, num\_item\_id).

## Examples

```
## Not run:
english_ws_items <- get_item_data("English (American)", "WS")
all_items <- get_item_data()

## End(Not run)
```

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get_sources	<i>Get the Wordbank data sources</i>
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## Description

Get the Wordbank data sources

## Usage

```
get_sources(language = NULL, form = NULL, admin_data = FALSE, mode = "remote")
```

## Arguments

language	An optional string specifying which language's datasets to retrieve.
form	An optional string specifying which form's datasets to retrieve.
admin_data	A logical indicating whether to include summary-level statistics on the administrations within a dataset.
mode	A string indicating connection mode: one of "local", or "remote" (defaults to "remote").

## Value

A data frame where each row is a particular dataset and its characteristics: dataset id and name (source\_id, name, dataset), language (instrument\_language), form (instrument\_form), contributor and affiliated institution (contributor), provided citation (citation), whether dataset includes longitudinal participants (longitudinal), and licensing information (license). Also includes summary statistics on a dataset if the (administrations) flag is TRUE: number of children (n\_children) and age range (age\_min, age\_max).

## Examples

```
## Not run:  
english_ws_sources <- get_sources(language = "English (American)",  
                                    form = "WS",  
                                    admin_data = TRUE)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

summarise_items	<i>Get item-by-age summary statistics</i>
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## Description

Get item-by-age summary statistics

## Usage

```
summarise_items(lang_items, mode = "remote")
```

## Arguments

- |            |  |
|------------|--|
| lang_items | A dataframe as returned by <code>get_item_data()</code> .                                |
| mode       | A string indicating connection mode: one of "local", or "remote" (defaults to "remote"). |

## Value

A dataframe with a row for each combination of item and age, and columns for summary statistics for the group: number of children (`n_children`), means (`comprehension`, `production`), standard deviations (`comprehension_sd`, `production_sd`); also retains item-level variables from `lang_items` (`item_id`, `definition`, `uni_lemma`, `lexical_category`, `lexical_class`).

## Examples

```
## Not run:
italian_dog <- get_item_data(language = "Italian", form = "WG") %>%
  dplyr::filter(uni_lemma == "dog")
italian_dog_summary <- summarise_items(italian_dog)

## End(Not run)
```

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